

Human-Centric digital technology: Socio-Technical lenses for a new era of Artificial Intelligence

Over the last decade, there was a rapid diffusion and adoption of innovative digital technologies. Beyond the traditional information systems (IS) (such as ERP and CRM), organizations adopt Industry 4.0 technologies – the Internet of Things and robotics –, remote working technologies, digital platforms and Generative artificial intelligence [1,2,3]. Analogously, public sector organizations have digitalized their procedures, especially hospitals with e-health ISs or municipalities with digital technologies for smart city [4,5]. Although various studies explored the expected benefits of such digital technologies, it is unclear how this digitalization efforts are coherent with the increasingly urgent call to include sustainable actions in the strategic plans of organizations. The increasing digitalization and automation of decision-making activities may improve organizational efficacy while reducing repetitions and manual labour [2]. In line with this, the European Commission launched Industry 5.0 as a policy for encouraging human-centric digital technologies and socio-technical alignments within organizations, i.e. “industry needs to consider societal constraints, aiming not to leave anyone behind” [6, pg. 15].

Against this backdrop, the socio-technical theory (STS) is vital to explore human-centric digital technologies. STS considers an organization composed of technical systems (digital technologies and automated tasks) and social systems (individuals, their competencies and the organisational structure) [7,12]. The design, development and subsequent use of human-centric digital technologies occurs when both systems are conjointly optimized [8]. STS has been used to explore organisational change triggered by digital technologies in the organisational structure and work organisation [4] as well as at city level [9].

In this track, we invite researchers to submit articles reflecting on the development, planning, implementation and usage of human-centric digital technologies both by directly applying the socio-technical theory [4] or following its perspective for seeking socio-technical alignments [10, 11]. Moreover, we welcome papers on human-centric digital technologies from within the public sector as well as the private sector. Finally, we look for articles using core-IS frame coherent with the socio-technical tradition, such as TOE (Technology-Organization-Environment) or TAM (Technology Acceptance Model), UTAUT (Unified theory of acceptance and use of technology), DOI (diffusion of innovation), and TPB (theory of planned behavior) alongside a range of theoretical framing, that may be of interest for the broader scope of human-centric digital technologies.

Track main topics

- Socio-Technical perspectives on the future of work
- Impact of artificial intelligence (and Generative Artificial Intelligence in particular) on organizational design and redesign
- Impact of Industry 4.0/5.0 technologies on organizational design and redesign
- Socio-technical critical success factors for the adoption of digital technology
- Socio-technical barriers to the adoption of digital technology
- Studies on digital technologies using TOE, TAM, UTAUT, TPB and DOI
- Socio-technical analysis of smart city implementations
- Sustainable value creation of digital technologies
- Digital platforms and the socio-technical arrangements and alignments surrounding them
- Data-driven decision-making and artificial intelligence for enhanced decision-support and its socio-technical implications

Alongside other similar topics on the broad spectrum of the socio-technical arrangements surrounding the design, development and use of human-centric digital technologies

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Track Co-Chairs

Name – Surname	Aurelio Ravarini
Title	Associate Professor
E-mail	aravarini@liuc.it
Affiliation	Università C. Cattaneo – LIUC, Castellanza, Italy
Short Bio	Aurelio Ravarini is Associate Professor of Organization and Information Systems at LIUC - Cattaneo University, where he is also the Rector's Delegate for Educational Innovation. His area of research and teaching is the impact of digital technologies on organizations and work. On these topics he has been a visiting professor at various universities in Europe and the United States, and for ten years he was Director of the Information Systems Research Center, at LIUC. He has published more than 130 articles, for international journals, book chapters and conference proceedings. He is co-

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	author of the book “Technology in organisation. Digital transformation and people”, 2021.
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Name – Surname	Emanuele Gabriel Margherita
Title	Assistant Professor
E-mail	emargherita@unitus.it
Affiliation	Università degli Studi della Tuscia, Viterbo, Italia
Short Bio	Emanuele Gabriel Margherita is an Assistant Professor of Business Organization and Information Systems at the Department of Economics Engineering Society and Business (Dipartimento di Economia Ingegneria Società e Impresa - DEIm), University of Tuscia, Viterbo (Italy). He holds a PhD in Economics, Management and Quantitative Methods from the University of Tuscia, Viterbo (Italy). His research interests concern the study of the impact of Industry 4.0 technologies on organisations and their sustainable value creation as well as the organising of Smart City. His work has appeared in journals such as International Journal of Operations & Production Management, Technological Forecasting & Social Change, Information Systems Frontiers, TQM Journal, Cities and Sustainability. His research has been presented at EGOS, STPIS, WOA and ItAIS conferences.

Name – Surname	Anna Sigridur Islind
Title	Associate Professor
E-mail	islind@ru.is
Affiliation	Reykjavik University, Reykjavik, Iceland
Short Bio	Anna Sigridur Islind is an Associate Professor at the Department of Computer Science at Reykjavik University in Iceland. She holds a Ph.D. in informatics from Sweden and is an expert in human-centric digital technology in general and socio-technical arrangements when designing, developing and using digital platforms in particular. She is the director of the Center for Information Systems and Data Science Research (CISDAS) at Reykjavik University. She has authored and published 80 peer-reviewed papers to date and is leading the digital innovation in the Sleep Revolution project, a 15 million Euros Horizon 2020 project funded by the European Union with a large-scale consortium of 39 partner institutions across Europe.

Track Program Committee Members

Name	Affiliation	Country	email
Frida Magnusdotter Ivarsson	Reykjavik University	Iceland	fridai@ru.is
Helena Vallo Hult	University West & NU-hospital Group	Sweden	Helena.vallo-hult@hv.se
Livia Norström	University West	Sweden	Livia.norstrom@hv.se
Alice Canavesi	LIUC – Università Cattaneo	Italy	acanavesi@liuc.it

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Louise Harder-Fischer	IT University of Copenhagen	Denmark	louf@itu.dk
Joaquin Rodriguez	Grenoble Ecole de Management	France	joaquin.rodriguez@grenoble-em.com
Roberta Cuel	Università degli Studi di Trento	Italy	roberta.cuel@unitn.it
Fatema Zaghoul	University of Bristol	UK	fatema.zaghoul@bristol.ac.uk
Lisa Varriale	Parthenope University	Italy	varriale@uniparthenope.it
Grazia Garlatti Costa	Università degli Studi di Trieste	Italy	grazia.garlatticosta@units.it
Haiat Perozzo	LIUC – Università Cattaneo		
Giovanni Esposito	Université Libre de Bruxelles	Belgium	giovanni.esposito@ulb.be
Younès El Manzani	ISM-IAE, Paris-Saclay University	France	younes.el-manzani@uvsq.fr
Emanuela Shaba	Università degli Studi di Milano	Italy	emanuela.shaba@unimi.it
Giovanna Afeltra	LIUC – Università Cattaneo	Italy	gafeltra@liuc.it
Stefania Denise Escobar	Università Libera di Bolzano	Italy	sescobar@unibz.it
Anastasiya Zabudkina	HEC Management School, University of Liège,	Belgium	a.zabudkina@uliege.be
Roberta Oppedisano	University of Naples “Parthenope”	Italy	roberta.oppedisano@uniparthenope.it